6. If a person on the Supervisory Board is appointed to the Exec-utive Directorship, that person’s position on the Supervisory Board comes to an end.

7. The Supervisory Board takes decisions in sessions held several times a year. To participate at a meeting and make use of voting rights, Supervisory Board members must be present either in person or participate through authenticated digital media (including video or telephone conferencing). Individual resolutions may be voted on without convening and holding a meeting if votes are submitted in written form, in authenticated digital voting, via telex or in an email.

§ 9 Passing of Resolutions in the Meeting of Voting Members
1. In the meeting of voting members each voting member has one vote. A member can appoint another member in writing to exercise his/her voting rights in the meeting. A member can represent only one other member.

2. The method of agreement shall be determined by the chairperson. Votes must be cast in secret if this is demanded by a member or voting member.

3. A proposal is accepted if more than half of the votes present when voting agree to adopt such a resolution. Abstentions from voting are counted as votes contra any amendment to the Articles; a majority of three-fourths of the votes present is required and for an amendment to the purpose of the Association, a majority of three-fourths of the votes presented is required.

In addition, the Supervisory Board is entitled to appoint more members to the Executive Directorship pursuant to § 26 of the German Civil Code. The number of members to the Executive Directorship of nine-tenths of the votes cast is required.

The Supervisory Board may allow guests to attend. In the case of elections, the chairing of the meeting must be performed by more than half of the voting members present or represented at the open-
ing.

Resolutions shall be compiled with by reference to the results of voting recorded in the minutes of the meeting. These minutes must be signed by the chairperson and recorder of the meeting.

§ 10 Supervisory Board
1. The Supervisory Board must comprise at least three but no more than seven persons. A position on the Supervisory Board is voluntary. The Supervisory Board shall elect a spokesperson from amongst itself.

2. The Supervisory Board is the elected representative body of the members. It is responsible for matters allocated to it by the Articles or the meeting of voting members. It appoints and recalls the Executive Director.

3. The meeting of voting members takes place every year. A date for the meeting must be fixed by the Supervisory Board.

4. The meeting of voting members may be called by the Supervisory Board or by members of the Association, the number of members giving notice of the meeting being at least one-fifteenth of the total voting strength.

5. The meeting of voting members may be conducted in writing. Any resolution of the meeting of voting members must be countersigned by a member of the Executive Director.

6. A Supervisory Board member may be expelled by the meeting of voting members through a three-fourths majority of the votes present if the conduct of the member concerned has violated the law, is detrimental to the Association, seriously contravenes the interests of the Association, or if there is any other important reason.

7. Supervisory Board members must be neither voting members nor employees of the Association.

8. If a person on the Supervisory Board is appointed to the Executive Directorship, that person’s position on the Supervisory Board comes to an end.

9. The purpose of these Articles shall be put into effect in particular by non-violent actions, public relations work and lobbying, especially those of a global nature, in order to prevent damage to or the exploitation of the environment and animals.

The purpose of the Association is subordinated to the ideal purposes of the Association. The Association can establish or participate in companies and other bodies. Without exception any such commercial activity or grant licences. Without exception any such commercial activity or grant licences. Without exception any such commercial activity of the Association is subordinated to the ideal purposes of the Association.

The Association is committed around the world to peace and international understanding. As an internationally active ecological organisation, Greenpeace raises awareness of environmental problems, especially those of a global nature, in order to prevent damage to or the exploitation of the environment and animals.
as well as through educational and advisory activities, as well as by transferring funds to Stichting Greenpeace Council with its legal seat in Amsterdam, as well as to associated Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

3. The Association shall pursue exclusively and directly non-profit-making purposes within the meaning of ‘tax-privileged purposes of Germany’s General Tax Code. The action of the Association is altruistic; it does not have its own commercial interests. It can receive and distribute donations. The funds of the Association may only be used for the purposes of the Association under these Articles. Such donations and other contributions from third parties directly accrue to the assets of the Association which is explicitly withdrawn. No person may benefit from disbursements that are contrary to the purpose of the Association or from disproportionately high payments. Members shall not receive payments from Association funds on the basis of their membership.

§ 3 Members

1. In the Federal Republic of Germany many people feel a connection to the aims of Greenpeace and support the Association in different ways. The Association has:

   a) supporting members (§ 4 para. 1a);
   b) volunteer members (§ 4 para. 2a);
   c) voting members (§ 4 paragraphs 3 to 11).

2. The Association has:

   a) become a voting member unless that person is an employee of the Association or from disproportionately high payments. Members shall not receive payments from Association funds on the basis of their membership.

   b) been employed with the Association for at least five years and who commits to non-violence and responsibility for the environment, nature and other humans, who behaves independently written information on the development and campaign work of the Association and of the work and meetings of the Greenpeace groups. Supporting members may participate in the regular meetings of their local Greenpeace groups. Supporting members have the right to participate in the regular meetings of their local Greenpeace groups. Supporting members have the right to participate in the regular meetings of their local Greenpeace groups. Supporting members have the right to participate in the regular meetings of their local Greenpeace groups. Supporting members have the right to participate in the regular meetings of their local Greenpeace groups.

   c) upon three absences from five successive meetings of voting members;
   d) by resignation from supporting membership, which may be declared at any time to the Association,c;
   e) by cessation of regular payment of donations;
   f) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (a), upon retirement of that member from the foreign Greenpeace organisation to which he/she is assigned.

   g) for members of Greenpeace groups pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (b), upon the permanent cessation of active collaboration (§ 6 para. 5).

   h) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (c), upon the termination of their activities.

3. Meetings of the voting members take place at least once a year. They are convened by the Executive Directorship or by any voting member. The above-mentioned resolutions are permissible out of order in the case of important reasons for expulsion and given the opportunity to submit a response in writing.

§ 7 Institutions

1. Meetings of voting members take place at least once a year. Furthermore, they are to be convened if it is necessary in the interests of the Association. At least one-third of the voting members shall request the Executive Directorship in writing to call a meeting and state the reasons for doing so.

2. Meetings are public. They are to be chaired at the headquarters of the Association. The passing of resolutions is also permissible outside of the meetings at any time by a majority of three-fourths of voting members consent to the resolution in writing.

3. Meetings are not public. They are convened by the Supervisory Board or the Executive Directorship or by any voting member. The notice period for convening such meetings is four weeks from the postmark of the invitation. The invitation is deemed to have been delivered if it is sent to the last address known to the Association. The voting member made known to the Association in writing to the Executive Directorship or the Supervisory Board or by any voting member. The notice period for convening such meetings is four weeks from the postmark of the invitation. The invitation is deemed to have been delivered if it is sent to the last address known to the Association. The voting member made known to the Association in writing.

The Executive Directorship is invited, as are up to two representatives of the Works Council as guests.

5. Proposals for the agenda and candidate suggestions for election to the Supervisory Board can be submitted by the Executive Directorship or by any voting member. The Supervisory Board or the Executive Directorship have the right to speak. Suggestions for candidatures and proposals for amendments to the Articles of Association may be submitted by at least two voting members. Such proposals and suggestions must be substantiated in writing and submitted to the Supervisory Board at least six weeks before the meeting. The Supervisory Board must decide on the proposals of amendments to the Articles or suggestions for further candidatures, requests for extraordinary meetings of associations or resignations of voting members must be decided upon by a three-fourths majority vote.

6. The meeting shall be chaired by one of the voting members of the volunteer’s membership, declared by the leadership (coordinator) of the Greenpeace group, the Executive Director or the Supervisory Board. The vote on admission to the online platform is withdrawn. The member concerned can object to the termination of his/her membership as declared by the leadership (coordinator) of the Greenpeace group or authorised representative within one month and request the Executive Director to take a decision, which shall be made within one month without any objection. The objection is deemed to have been delivered if it is sent to the last address known to the Association. The voting member made known to the Association in writing.

Supporting membership commences with a declaration made to the Association or from disproportionately high payments. Members shall not receive payments from Association funds on the basis of their membership.

§ 4 Acquiring Membership

1. Any person who subscribes to the purposes of the Association and makes a regular contribution can become a supporting member. Supporting membership commences with a declaration made to the Association.

2. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

3. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

4. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

5. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

6. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

7. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

8. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.

9. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a member. This also applies to members of other Greenpeace organisations in other countries and also to other tax-privileged entities.
as well as through educational and advisory activities, as well as by transferring funds to Stichting Greenpeace Council or to foreign Greenpeace organizations in other countries and also to other tax privileged entities.

3. The Association shall pursue exclusively and directly non-profit-making purposes within the meaning of “tax privileged purposes” of Germany’s General Tax Code. The action of the Association is altruistic; it does not pursue its own commercial interests. It can receive and distribute donations. The funds of the Association may only be used for the purposes of the Association under these Articles. Such donations and other contributions from third parties directly accrue to the assets of the Association which are explicitly determined therefor. No person may benefit from disbursements that are contrary to the purpose of the Association or from disproportionately high payments. Members shall not receive any payments from Association funds on the basis of their membership.

$ 3 Members

1. In the Federal Republic of Germany many people feel a connection to the aims of Greenpeace and support the Association in different ways. The Association has:

a) supporting members (§ 4 para. 1a);

b) volunteer members (§ 4 para. 2);

c) voting members (§ 4 paragraphs 3 to 11).

d) by voluntary resignation, which may be declared at any time.

e) by cessation of regular payment of donations;

c) by the Supervisory Board (§ 10);

f) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (a), upon retirement of that member from the foreign Greenpeace organisation to which the member belongs;

g) for members of Greenpeace groups pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (b), upon the permanent cessation of active collaboration (§ 6 para. 3).

$ 4 Acquiring Membership

1. Any person who subscribes to the purposes of the Association and makes a regular contribution can become a supporting member. Supporting membership commences with a declaration made to the Association.

2. Any person who engages in the aims of Greenpeace through active collaboration in one of the Greenpeace groups over a certain period of time can become a volunteer member. This also applies to former members of the Association who have been accepted by the leadership (coordinators) of the Greenpeace group, the Executive Director, or an authorised representative, each of which is explicitly determined therefor. No person shall benefit from third parties directly accruing to the assets of the Association and may only be used in its interest.

3. Volunteer membership shall end:

d) by expulsion (§ 6 para. 4).

d) by cessation of regular payment of donations;

c) by resignation from supporting membership, which may be declared at any time to the Association;

d) by expulsion (§ 6 para. 4).

$ 5 Rights of Members

1. Voting members have the right to make proposals on the activities of the Association and to receive information, particularly on membership, annual reports and financial statements. They receive on a regular basis written information on the development and campaign work of the Association and of the work and meetings of the Greenpeace groups. Supporting members and volunteer members have usually shown in the past that he/she has actively worked towards the purposes and aims of Greenpeace and their realization.

2. A voting member can become any person who is at least 18 years of age who commits to non-violence and responsibility for the environment, nature and other humans, who behaves independently of a political party, holds no prominent position in a political party, has no conflicts of interest by reason of activities for any other organizations or enterprises, who has exhibited, in particular, that he/she has actively worked towards the purposes and aims of Greenpeace and their realization.

3. A voting member can become any person who is at least 18 years of age who commits to non-violence and responsibility for the environment, nature and other humans, who behaves independently of a political party, holds no prominent position in a political party, has no conflicts of interest by reason of activities for any other organizations or enterprises, who has exhibited, in particular, that he/she has actively worked towards the purposes and aims of Greenpeace and their realization.

4. The Association has 40 voting members. They comprise the following four groups:

a) Stichting Greenpeace Council and representatives from other foreign Greenpeace organizations (§ 4 para. 5);

b) active members in Greenpeace groups (volunteers) (§ 4a);

c) employees of the Association (§ 4 para. 7); and

d) other persons who actively work for the purposes and aims of Greenpeace (§ 4a).

5. The number of voting members from each group shall be equal. Vacant places in a group may not be filled by members of another group.

6. The candidates for voting members pursuant to para. (4) shall be nominated by the Greenpeace group to which the candidate belongs, is entitled to propose candidates, to speak in support of proposed candidates or to put themselves forward as candidates. The Supervisory Board takes the final decision.

7. The candidates for voting members under paras. 4 (c) to 6 (g) shall be nominated by the Membership Search Committee. Only natural persons in particular comply with the requirements of para. 4a may be nominated.

8. The Supervisory Board shall decide on the admission of voting members, a simple majority subject to the confirmation of the meeting of voting members (§ 8). For the admission of voting members pursuant to para. 4 (b), the placing of the respective candidate in the nomination list of the Membership Search Committee are to be taken into account. At the end of the five-year term of office, a new voting member can be elected.

9. The meeting of voting members shall have the right to let the meeting of voting members be dissolved. The Supervisory Board, the meeting of voting members shall decide with a simple majority on the admission of voting members.

10. Details of the nomination procedures shall be regulated by the Institutions of the Association (§ 11) within one month of the renewal. This decision shall be final and binding.

11. Retired members may be readmitted.

$ 5 Rights of Members

1. Voting members have the right to make proposals on the activities of the Association and to receive information, particularly on membership, annual reports and financial statements. They receive on a regular basis written information on the development and campaign work of the Association and of the work and meetings of the Greenpeace groups. Supporting members and volunteer members have usually shown in the past that he/she has actively worked towards the purposes and aims of Greenpeace and their realization.

2. A voting member can become any person who is at least 18 years of age who commits to non-violence and responsibility for the environment, nature and other humans, who behaves independently of a political party, holds no prominent position in a political party, has no conflicts of interest by reason of activities for any other organizations or enterprises, who has exhibited, in particular, that he/she has actively worked towards the purposes and aims of Greenpeace and their realization.

2. The membership of a supporting member shall end:

a) upon his/her death;

b) by resignation from supporting membership, which may be declared at any time to the Association;

c) by permanent cessation of active collaboration;

d) by expulsion (§ 6 para. 4).

$ 4 Minimum of Voting Members

1. Meetings of voting members take place at least once a year. Furthermore, they are to be convened if it is necessary in the interest of the Association to do so. In the case of less than 20% of the voting members request the Supervisory Board in writing to call a meeting and state the reasons for doing so.

2. The Supervisory Board must be present either at the headquarters of the Association. The passing of resolutions is also permissible outside Germany if nine-tenths of voting members consent to the resolution in writing.

3. Meetings are not public. They are convened by the Supervisory Board or an authorized representative. The notice period for convening such meetings is four weeks from the postmark of the invitation. The notice is divided to the voting member made known to the Association in writing.

4. The Executive Director is invited, as are up to two representatives of the Works Council as guests.

5. Proposals for the agenda and candidate selections for election to the Supervisory Board can be submitted by the Executive Director or an authorized representative. The Supervisory Board and the Executive Director have the right to speak. Suggestions for candidates and proposals for amendments to the Articles of the Association must be approved by at least two voting members.

6. A meeting shall be chaired by one of the voting members of the Executive Committee.
as well as through educational and advisory activities, as well as by transferring funds to Stichting Greenpeace Council with its legal seat in Amsterdam, to local Greenpeace organizations, organisations in other countries and also to other tax privileged entities.

2. The Association shall pursue exclusively and directly non-profit-making purposes within the meaning of “tax-privileged purposes” of Germany’s General Tax Code. The action of the Association is lawful, it does not have its own commercial interests. It can receive and distribute donations. The funds of the Association may only be used for the purposes of the Association under these Articles. Such donations and other contributions from third parties directly accrue to the assets of the Association which are explicitly designated for this purpose. No person will be negatively affected by disbursements that are contrary to the purpose of the Association or from disproportionately high payments. Members shall not receive payments from Association funds on the basis of their membership.

§ 3 Members
1. In the Federal Republic of Germany many people feel a connection to the aims of Greenpeace and support the Association in different ways.
2. Volunteer members promote the aims and work of the Association.
3. Volunteer membership shall end:
   a) the meeting of voting members (§ 8),
   b) upon retirement of that member from the foreign Greenpeace organisation to which the member belongs;
   c) the date of the expiration of five calendar years after admission, whereby readmission is possible (§ 8 para. 1 (a)),
   d) through expulsion (§ 6 para. 4).
4. Voluntary membership can be terminated in any language. A person who wishes to resign shall notify the Supervisory Board in writing at any time; the resignation takes effect on the written confirmation date.
5. If a member’s resignation is not confirmed within four weeks of the end of the membership period, the member is deemed to have resigned.
6. In the event of an incorrect or incomplete address, the notice of resignation must be sent to the last address of the member known to the Association.
7. A resignation becomes effective at the meeting of voting members at the following meeting after the receipt of the notice of resignation.
8. Meetings of voting members are held at least once a year.
9. The Supervisory Board shall decide on the admission of voting members in simple majority subject to the confirmation of the meeting of voting members (§ 8). For the admission of voting members pursuant to para. 4 (a), the placing of the respective candidate on the nominees list requires the nomination of the Membership Search Committee to be taken into account. At the meeting of voting members, the members who have been nominated by the Supervisory Board, the meeting of voting members shall decide with a simple majority on the admission of voting members.
10. The notice period for convening such meetings is determined in the Articles or suggestions for further candidates, requests for proposals. The notice period for convening such meetings is four weeks from the postmark of the invitation. The notice period must also be observed if it is sent to the last address of the member made known to the Association.

§ 6 Termination of Membership
1. The membership of a voting member shall end:
   a) upon his/her death,
   b) by resignation from supporting membership, which may be declared at any time to the Association,
   c) by resignation from supporting membership, which may be declared at any time to the Association,
   d) by expulsion (§ 6 para. 4).
2. The membership of a supporting member shall end:
   a) by resignation from supporting membership, which may be declared at any time to the Association,
   b) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association,
   c) with the permanent cessation of active collaboration in the relevant Greenpeace group. In addition to termination of the member’s voluntary membership, declared by the leadership (coordinator) of the Greenpeace group, the Executive Director shall resign if the membership is terminated.
3. Meetings are not public. They are convened by the Supervisory Board. The Supervisory Board is to be composed of voting members (§ 4 para. 4) a) upon retirement of that member from the foreign Greenpeace organisation to which the member belongs;
   b) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (b), upon the permanent cessation of active collaboration (§ 6 para. 4).
   c) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (a), upon retirement of that member from the foreign Greenpeace organisation to which the member belongs;
   d) by expulsion (§ 6 para. 4).
   e) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association,
   f) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association,
   g) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   h) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (c), upon the termination of supporting membership (§ 8 para. 1 (a)),
   i) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (b), upon the permanent cessation of active collaboration (§ 6 para. 4).
   j) in the case of the Stichting Greenpeace Council, upon its dissolution.
   k) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (a), upon retirement of that member from the foreign Greenpeace organisation to which the member belongs;
   l) by expulsion (§ 6 para. 4).
   m) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   n) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   o) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   p) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   q) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   r) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   s) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
   t) by resignation, which may be declared at any time to the Association.
as well as through educational and advisory activities, as well as by transferring funds to Stichting Greenpeace Council with its legal seat in Amsterdam. Co-operation with other umbrella organisations in other countries and also to other tax privileged entities.

3. The Association shall pursue exclusively and directly non-profit-making purposes within the meaning of “tax privileged purposes” of Germany’s General Tax Code. The action of the Association is altruistic, it does not pursue its own commercial interests. It can receive and distribute donations. The funds of the Association may only be used for the purposes of the Association under these Articles. Such donations and other contributions from third parties directly accrue to the assets of the Association which are explicitly provided for. No person or group is entitled to disbursements that are contrary to the purpose of the Association or from disproportionately high payments. Members shall receive payments from Association funds on the basis of their membership.

§ 3 Members

1. In the Federal Republic of Germany many people feel a connection to the aims of Greenpeace and support the Association in different ways.

The Association has:

a) supporting members (§ 4 para. 1a);

b) volunteer members (§ 4 para. 2);

c) with the permanent cessation of active collaboration in the Greenpeace organisation.

b) by voluntary resignation, which may be declared at any time (§ 4, para. 9);

h) for members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (c), upon the termination of their activities.

i) upon appointment to the Executive Directorship or to the Supervisory Board of the termination of membership, except under § 6 para. 3 (c).

3. Meetings are not public. They are convened by the Supervisory Board or the meeting of voting members. The institutions of the Association are:

a) the meeting of voting members (§ 8);

b) the Supervisory Board (§ 10);

c) with the permanent cessation of active collaboration in the Greenpeace organisation.

b) the Supervisory Board (§ 10);

c) with the permanent cessation of active collaboration in the Greenpeace organisation.

b) by resignation from supporting membership, which may be declared in writing to the Supervisory Board at any time;

c) by voluntary resignation which may be declared in writing by the Executive Directorship or an authorised representative; the member concerned must be told in writing the reasons for expulsion and given the opportunity to submit a response in writing.

§ 7 Institutions

The institutions of the Association are:

a) the meeting of voting members (§ 8);

b) the Supervisory Board (§ 10);

c) with the permanent cessation of active collaboration in the Greenpeace organisation.

b) the Supervisory Board (§ 10);

c) with the permanent cessation of active collaboration in the Greenpeace organisation.

b) the Supervisory Board (§ 10);

c) with the permanent cessation of active collaboration in the Greenpeace organisation.
6. If a person on the Supervisory Board is appointed to the Executive Directorship, that person's position on the Supervisory Board comes to an end.
7. The Supervisory Board takes decisions in sessions held several times a year. To participate at a meeting and make use of voting rights, Supervisory Board members must be present either in person or represented. The chairperson decides when to hold the meetings even if the members do not need to be present.

§ 9 Passing of Resolutions in the Meeting of Voting Members
1. In the meeting of voting members each voting member has one vote. A member can appoint another member in writing to exercise his/her voting rights in the meeting. A member can represent only one other member.
2. The method of agreement shall be determined by the chairperson. Votes must be cast in secret if this is demanded by a voting member at the meeting.
3. A proposal is accepted if more than half of the votes present when voting agree to adopt such a resolution. Abstentions from voting are counted as votes cast. For any amendment to the Articles a majority of three-fourths of the votes present is required and for an amendment to the purpose of the Association a majority of three-fourths of the votes present is required. In addition, the Supervisory Board is entitled to appoint more members to the Executive Directorship pursuant to § 26 of the German Civil Code. The Supervisory Board may be required to reduce its size by more than half of the voting members present or represented at the opening of the meeting. Resolutions shall be compiled with by reference to the results of voting recorded in the minutes of the meeting. These minutes must be signed by the chairperson and recorder of the meeting.

§ 10 Supervisory Board
1. The Supervisory Board must comprise at least three but no more than seven persons. A position on the Supervisory Board is voluntary. The Supervisory Board shall elect a spokesperson from amongst its members.
2. The Supervisory Board is the elected representative body of the members. It is responsible for matters allocated to it by the Articles or the meeting of voting members. It appoints and removes the Executive Director, enforces compliance with the Articles of Association (on questions of legality, fitness for purpose and economic efficiency) and discharges the Executive Directorship. It may issue instructions to the Executive Director generally or in individual cases. Detailed regulations are contained in separate rules of procedure for the Supervisory Board, enacted by the meeting of voting members.
3. The meeting of voting members elects up to four Supervisory Board members annually for a duration of two years. They remain in office until new elections. A further election for a maximum of four terms of office is permitted. Each Supervisory Board member is to be elected individually.
4. A Supervisory Board member may be expelled by the meeting of voting members through a three-quarters majority of the votes present if the conduct of the member concerned has violated the laws, is detrimental to the Association, seriously contravenes the interests of the Association, or if there is any other important reason.
5. Supervisory Board members must neither be voting members nor employees of the Association.
6. If a person on the Supervisory Board is appointed to the Executive Directorship, that person's position on the Supervisory Board comes to an end.

§ 11 Executive Directorship
1. The Executive Directorship is made up of one or more members. The term of office for the executive directorship and for the members is the duration of the voting and the preceding discussions.
2. The Executive Directorship is made up of one or more members. At least one Executive Director is always the Executive Director of the Umweltstiftung Greenpeace. For any amendment to the Articles a majority of three-fourths of the votes present is required and for an amendment to the purpose of the Association a majority of three-fourths of the votes present is required. In addition, the Supervisory Board is entitled to appoint more members to the Executive Directorship pursuant to § 26 of the German Civil Code. The Supervisory Board may be required to reduce its size by more than half of the voting members present or represented at the opening of the meeting. Resolutions shall be compiled with by reference to the results of voting recorded in the minutes of the meeting. These minutes must be signed by the chairperson and recorder of the meeting.

§ 12 Membership Search Committee
1. The Membership Search Committee is made up of at least three and no more than five voting members who are elected by the meeting of voting members for a year respectively. A further election for a maximum of seven terms of office is permitted. Otherwise, the Search Committee regulates its work on its own initiative.
2. The Search Committee may provide the Supervisory Board with a statement on individual candidates pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (b) in relation to the requirements of § 4 para. 3. It is obliged to prepare Supervisory Board candidates to the voting members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (a) and to organise the nomination of candidates for voting members pursuant to § 4 para. 4 (c). The Supervisory Board is required to act upon the suggestions of the Search Committee.
3. The Search Committee submits to the meeting of voting members the names of candidates proposed for membership on the Supervisory Board.

§ 13 Stichting Greenpeace Council
The Association is a member of Stichting Greenpeace Council. The name "Greenpeace" is administered and controlled by Stichting Greenpeace Council. Stichting Greenpeace Council is a foundation under Dutch law with its legal domicile in Amsterdam; it functions as the umbrella organisation for all national and regional Greenpeace offices, and coordinates in particular Greenpeace activities in accordance with Association purposes in the international sector.

§ 14 Data Protection
The Association collects, processes and uses personal data of members exclusively in the context of the work of the Association. Suitable technical and organisational measures ensure that there is no unauthorised third party access to such data. The Association has a data protection officer.

§ 15 Dissolution of the Association
In the event of dissolution of the Association or the elimination of tax-privileged purposes, the assets of the Association shall be transferred to the Umweltstiftung Greenpeace no later than a maximum of four years after the event. These assets shall be transferred to another tax-privileged entity to support the protection of the environment and animals and/or to foster peace and promote intercultural understanding.

§ 16 Entry into Force
These Articles were amended and newly drafted by a resolution of the meeting of voting members dated 12 November 2016. The new version enters into force on the day of its registration in the Association Register.

Hamburg, 17 March 2017

Greenpeace e.V.
Horbiger Straße 10, 20457 Hamburg, Germany
Tel. +49 (0)40 506 18-0, mail@greenpeace.de
Responsible for content: Roland Hipp; March 2017

www.greenpeace.de
6. If a person on the Supervisory Board is appointed to the Executive Directorship, that person’s position on the Supervisory Board comes to an end.

7. The Supervisory Board takes decisions in sessions held several times a year. To participate at a meeting and make use of voting rights, Supervisory Board members must be present either in person or by proxy. For any amendments to the Articles a majority of three-fourths of the votes present is required and for an amendment to the purpose of the Association, a two-thirds majority of the votes present is required.

8. Resolutions shall be complied with by reference to the results of the voting. The chairperson decides who shall take the minutes and when. The chairperson decides whether votes are submitted in written form, in authenticated digital voting, via telefax or in an email.

§ 11 Executive Directorship
1. The Executive Directorship is made up of one or more members. The method of agreement shall be determined by the chairperson.
2. The Executive Directorship is made up of one or more members. At least one Executive Director is always the Executive Director of the Stichting Greenpeace Council pursuant to § 56 of the German Civil Code.
3. The Executive Directorship is entitled to grant individual powers of representation to one or more Executive Directors.
4. The Supervisory Board is entitled to grant individual powers of representation to one or more Executive Directors.
5. The Supervisory Board is entitled to grant individual powers of representation to one or more Executive Directors.
6. The Supervisory Board is entitled to grant individual powers of representation to one, more than one, or all Executive Directors.

§ 15 Dissolution of the Association
1. In the event of dissolution of the Association or the elimination of tax-privileged purposes, the assets of the Association shall be transferred to the Umweltstiftung Greenpeace gGmbH in compliance with the Umweltstiftung Greenpeace gGmbH.
2. In accordance with the guidelines on nomination order, the Supervisory Board is entitled to grant individual powers of representation to one or more Executive Directors.

Art. III Articles of Association
§ 1 Purpose
1. The purpose of the Association is to promote the protection of the environment and other important reasons. Further details shall be regulated in the nomination order.
2. The purpose of the Association is to promote the protection of the environment and other important reasons. Further details shall be regulated in the nomination order.

§ 14 Data Protection
The Association collects, processes and uses personal data of members exclusively in the context of the work of the Association. Suitable technical and organisational measures ensure that there is no unauthorised third party access to such data. The Association has a data protection officer.

§ 16 Entry into Force
These Articles were amended and newly drafted by a resolution of the meeting of voting members dated 12 November 2016. The new version enters into force on the day of its registration in the Associ- ation.

Hamburg, 17 March 2017

Greenpeace e.V.
T 0001 5

Greenpeace e.V.
Hamburg, 17 March 2017
§ 9 Passing of Resolutions in the Meeting of Voting Members
1. In the meeting of voting members each voting member has one vote. A member can appoint another member in writing to exercise his/her voting rights in the meeting. A member can represent only one other member.

2. The method of determining the votes cast by the chairperson shall be determined by the chairperson. Votes must be cast in secret if this is demanded by a voting member.

3. A proposal is accepted if more than half of the votes present when voting agree to adopt such a resolution. Abstentions from voting cast no vote; abstentions shall be recorded in the Articles a majority of three-fourths of the votes present is required and for an amendment to the purpose of the Association a three-quarters majority is required.

In addition, the Supervisory Board is entitled to appoint more members to the Executive Directorship pursuant to § 26 of the German Civil Code. As a result, the Supervisory Board shall appoint the Executive Director when at least one Executive Director is already appointed and the Supervisory Board has no more than one position vacant. The Supervisory Board is entitled to grant individual power of representation to one or more Executive Directors.

The Supervisory Board is also entitled to authorize rules of procedures for the Executive Directorship.

§ 10 Supervisory Board
1. The Supervisory Board shall comprise at least three but no more than seven persons. A position on the Supervisory Board is voluntary. The Supervisory Board shall elect a spokesperson from amongst itself.

2. The Supervisory Board is the elected representative body of the members. It is responsible for matters allocated to it by the Articles or the meeting of voting members. It appoints and recalls the Executive Director and determines executive technical and organisational measures.

3. The meeting of voting members elects up to four Supervisory Board members annually for a duration of two years. They remain in office until the next elections. A further election for a maximum of four terms of office is permitted. Each Supervisory Board member is to be elected individually.

4. A Supervisory Board member may be expelled by the meeting of voting members after a three-quarters majority of the votes present if the conduct of the member concerned has violated the law, is detrimental to the Association, seriously concerns the interests of the Association, or if there is any other important reason.

5. Supervisory Board members are not elected and cannot be members of the Association.

6. If a person on the Supervisory Board is appointed to the Executive Directorship, that person’s position on the Supervisory Board comes to an end.

7. Supervisory Board members must be present either in person or in writing in the meeting of voting members. The Supervisory Board members are entitled to be represented in the meeting of voting members exclusively in the context of the work of the Association. Suitable technical and organisational measures ensure that there is no unauthorised third party access to such data. The Association has a data protection officer who is responsible for supervising the processing of personal data.

§ 11 Executive Directorate
1. The Executive Directorate is made up of one or more members. The Supervisory Board appoints the Executive Director or, in cases of an emergency, enacts Executive Directorate powers.

2. The Executive Directorate is made up of one or more members. At least one Executive Director is always the Executive Director of the Supervisory Board or another member appointed by the Supervisory Board.

3. The Supervisory Board is entitled to grant individual power of representation to one or more Executive Directors.

4. The Supervisory Board is entitled to authorize rules of procedures for the Executive Directorship.

5. The members of the Executive Directorate shall receive reasonable remuneration.

§ 12 Membership Search Committee
1. The Membership Search Committee is made up of at least three and no more than five voting members who are elected by the meeting of voting members for a year respectively. A further election for a maximum of seven terms of office is permitted.

2. The Search Committee may, on its own initiative or upon a request from an interested party, appoint Supervisory Board members for a term of office of a maximum of three years.

3. The Supervisory Board shall inform the meeting of voting members of the composition of the supervisory board and the term of office.

4. The Supervisory Board is entitled to appoint a spokesperson from amongst the members.

5. The meeting of voting members appoints up to four Supervisory Board members annually for a duration of two years. They remain in office until the next elections. A further election for a maximum of four terms of office is permitted. Each Supervisory Board member is to be elected individually.

6. A Supervisory Board member may be expelled by the meeting of voting members after a three-quarters majority of the votes present if the conduct of the member concerned has violated the law, is detrimental to the Association, seriously concerns the interests of the Association, or if there is any other important reason.

7. Supervisory Board members are not elected and cannot be members of the Association.

8. If a person on the Supervisory Board is appointed to the Executive Directorship, that person’s position on the Supervisory Board comes to an end.